



Report and Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 July 2024

Key Management Personnel, Board of Governors and Professional advisers

Key management personnel

Key management personnel are defined as members of the College Executive Team and were represented by the following in 2023/24:

Elaine Bowker - Principal and CEO; Accounting officer

Julie Barnes - Deputy Chief Executive

Gill Banks - Deputy Chief Executive (left 31st July 2023)

Damien Kilkenny – Deputy Principal

Neil Borg-Olivier - Vice Principal Curriculum Development & Innovation (appointed 1st August 2023)

Board of Governors

A full list of Governors is given on page 19 & 20 of these financial statements.

Mrs C Lenderyou acted as Clerk to the Corporation throughout the period.

Professional advisers

Financial statements auditors and reporting accountants:

RSM UK Audit LLP

Chartered Accountants, Statutory Auditors

Bluebell House

Brian Johnson Way

Preston

PR2 5PE

Internal auditors:

HW Controls & Assurance Limited, trading as Validera

Unit 3 Crompton Court

Attwood Road

Burntwood, Staffs.

WS7 3GG

Bankers:

Barclays Bank plc

1st Floor

3 Hardman Street

Spinningfields

Manchester

M3 3AX

Solicitors:

Hill Dickinson LLP

No. 1 St Pauls Square

Liverpool

L3 9SJ

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Report of the Governing Body

NATURE, OBJECTIVES AND STRATEGIES:

The members present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2024.

Legal status

The Corporation was established under the Further and Higher Education Act 1992 for the purpose of conducting The City of Liverpool College. The College is an exempt charity for the purposes of Part 3 of the Charities Act 2011.

The Corporation was incorporated as The City of Liverpool Community College. On 15 September 1998, the Secretary of State granted consent to the Corporation to change the College's name to Liverpool Community College. On 9 January 2013 the Secretary of State granted a further consent to the Corporation to change its name to The City of Liverpool College.

The City of Liverpool College comprises of the College Corporation established under the Further and Higher Education Act and Shared Education Services Limited, a wholly owned trading subsidiary.

Vision and Mission

During 2023/24, the College continued to deliver against the Strategic Plan 2021-2025 which was launched in September 2021. The plan retains the 3 Key Goals under the previous plan with new underlying Strategic Enablers - Turning disadvantage into advantage and Systems thinking by critical thinkers.

As an educational establishment, we will deliver the biggest and best opportunities for our students, becoming the provider of choice for learners and employers alike; as an employer, we will seek to be the employer of choice for our staff. The College will be a system leader in the sector, building a culture founded on innovation and enterprise and continuous improvement.

The College's mission and values are the product of consultation with staff, students, governors and key partners. They reflect the best of the College and our aspirations for the future.

Public Benefit

The City of Liverpool College is an exempt charity under part 3 of the Charities Act 2011 and following the Machinery of Government changes in July 2016, is regulated by the Secretary of State for Education as Principal Regulator for all FE Corporations in England. The members of the Governing Body, who are trustees of the charity, are disclosed on pages 19 & 20.

In setting and reviewing the College's strategic objectives, the Governing Body has due regard for the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit and particularly upon its supplementary guidance on the advancement of education. The guidance sets out the requirements that all organisations wishing to be recognised as charities must demonstrate, explicitly, that their aims are for the public benefit.

In delivering its mission, the College provides the following identifiable public benefits through the advancement of education:

- Being creative and enterprising, to support excellent employment records for students
- Being inclusive in everything we do, through widening participation and tackling social exclusion
- Being a great place to work and learn, delivering high-quality teaching and strong student support systems
- Being a driver of economic success, with strong links with employers, industry, and commerce
- Developing links with Local Enterprise Partnerships (LEPs)

Implementation of strategic plan

Strategic plan retains the 3 Key Goals under the previous plan with new underlying Strategic Enablers to focus on Turning disadvantage into advantage and Systems thinking by critical thinkers. The 3 Key Goals are:

Goal 1 - World Class Skills in Business

- We'll build on our successes in delivering on what employers need.
- We'll build on our success in supporting students to succeed.
- We'll build on our role as an anchor institution within the city.

Goal 2 – Delivering an outstanding student experience

- We'll ensure our learners are supported and challenged to reach the highest standards.
- We'll create an environment in which students are supported to succeed and thrive as individuals.
- We'll wrap our outstanding teaching and learning in a holistic approach to student support.

Goal 3 - Developing Talent for Sustainable Employment

- We'll give our learners a competitive advantage across the City Region.
- We'll enhance our curriculum offer around the skills and behaviours needed to access meaningful opportunities for employment and progression.
- We'll develop targeted interventions to reach those farthest away from employment and support them in removing the barriers to engagement.

The 2 Key Strategic Enablers are:

Strategic Enabler 1 - Turning disadvantage into advantage

- We'll recognise our students as individuals, tailoring our programmes of learning and support to enhance accessibility and meet different needs.
- We'll recognise the impact of the increased reliance on digital engagement across industry, education, and society as a whole.
- We're committed to addressing the impact of bias, discrimination, and injustice through a proactive approach to equality, diversity and inclusion.
- We'll work to enhance the social and cultural capital of our students.

Strategic Enabler 2 - Systems thinking by critical thinkers

- We'll take a whole college approach to the whole individual, working to remove individual and systemic barriers to success.
- We'll step forward as part of a collaborative, united approach to leadership across the city and the Liverpool City Region.
- We'll amplify our impact within the Liverpool City Region's education and skills ecosystem.

The College was inspected by Ofsted in February 2024 and the result of the final report was an Ofsted grading Good. Outcomes for students have now been maintained above national averages for all ages (calculated against 2022/23 national ratios). Performance continues to be reviewed at each Board meeting. In addition, the Quality Improvement Plan 'QIP' is also monitored by the Performance and Quality Task and Finish Group 'PQTFG' and a summary is presented at each meeting of the Board.

Financial Strategy

The College was assessed by the Education and Skills Funding Agency (the "ESFA") as having a "Good" financial health grading based on the 2022/23 financial statements. The financial health grade calculated from the financial statements for 2022/23 is "Good" and is considered a positive outcome during the challenging year, with significant cost challenges.

The Group's financial objectives are to:

- maintain the Group's medium and long term financial security
- continue to improve financial management in order to retain the confidence of the funders, suppliers, banks and auditors
- provide access to the Group's financial information for governors, staff, learners and other stakeholders
- ensure that the Group is able to finance a first class and efficient learning environment for students by the effective and efficient development of funds supporting the aims of the strategic plan.

A series of key performance indicators have been agreed to monitor the successful implementation of the objectives above.

Performance indicators

The Group measures itself against internal and external targets and benchmarks in areas such as:

Key Performance Indicator	Actual 2023/24	National Achievement Rate *
Achievement rates:	86.6%	84.2%
16-18	85.3%	81.7%
19+	87.7%	87.0%

* National achievement rate is the latest available published figures from 2022/23 for GFE Colleges.

The key financial performance indicators are as follows:

Key Performance Indicator	Target	Actual 2023/24	Average rate *
Operating surplus as a percentage of income	(1.87%)	(1.09%)	(1.61%)
Sector specific EBITDA as a percentage of income	3.25%	2.44%	5.71%
Staff costs (excluding restructuring and pension adjustments) as a percentage of income (excluding sub-contracted income)	70.9%	69.0%	66.2%
Adjusted current ratio	1.96	1.86	2.03
Adjusted cash days in hand	45	70	110
Borrowing as a percentage of income	12.1%	10.96%	12.3%
Financial Health Score	Good	Good	N/a

* Average rate based on the financial benchmarking data for 2022/23 for Further Education colleges.

Income used for the calculations above is adjusted income as defined with the ESFA's finance record.

Cash balances at the year end are inflated by capital grant received in advance of the work being completed. Included in cash at the year-end is £1,820k which is ring fenced for capital expenditure.

The College is committed to observing the importance of sector measures and indicators and uses the FE Choices data available on the GOV.UK website which looks at measures such as success rates. The College is required to complete the annual Finance Record for the ESFA. The College is assessed by the ESFA as having a "Good" financial health grading.

FINANCIAL POSITION

Financial results

The Group generated a deficit in the year of £843k before taxation (2022/23 loss of £1,334k), with a total comprehensive income loss of £424k (2022/23 gain of £810k). The total comprehensive income in 2023/24 is stated after accounting for the actuarial gain in respect of pension schemes as calculated under FRS102.

The Group has accumulated reserves of £32,060k (2022/23 – £32,481k and cash and short-term investment balances of £8,335k (2022/23 - £8,636k). The Group wishes to accumulate reserves and cash balances in order to create a contingency fund.

Tangible fixed asset additions during the year amounted to £2,126k. This was split between land and buildings of £689k and equipment purchased of £1,437k. The significant portion of the work related to the completion of order equipment and work in progress at the year end related to refurbishment at the Learning Exchange. This project was completed in Autumn 2024. In addition, there was significant investment in the condition of the estate and IT infrastructure funded by grant.

Overall the group is in a net asset position (2022/23 net asset position) including a pension asset/(liability) of £nil as at the year end.

The Group has significant reliance on the education sector funding bodies for its principal funding source, largely from recurrent grants. In 2023/24 the FE funding bodies provided 88.2% (2022/23 86.7%) of the Group's total income.

The College has one subsidiary company:

- Shared Education Services Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary which is a company limited by guarantee, incorporated on 5 May 2015. The principal business of the company is the provision of back office administration and support services.
- No gift aid has been transferred from Shared Education Services Limited.

Financial Plan

The College governors approved a financial plan in July 2024 which sets objectives for the period 2024/25. The College budget would achieve a financial health rating of 'Good'. This is in line with the prior year due to continued investment in staffing. The budget which was set was relatively conservative which maintained income at a similar level to 2023/24 in all areas except 16-18 income which is higher due to an increase in the funding rate and learner numbers. Despite this prudent approach, the budget achieves a financial health rating of 'Good'. The financial plan allows the College to comply with the loan covenants. Current indications following the main enrolment period for 2024/25 is that the budget is achievable.

Treasury policies and objectives

Treasury management is the management of the College's cash flows, its banking, money market and capital market transactions; the effective control of the risks associated with those activities; and the pursuit of optimum performance consistent with those risks.

The College has a separate treasury management policy in place.

Cash flows and liquidity

At £1,587k (2022/23 £3,625k), net cash flow from operating activities is healthy, however it is lower than in previous periods. The reduction in the net cashflow resulted largely from the cash generated from operating activities.

The size of the College's total borrowing and its approach to interest rates has been calculated to ensure a reasonable cushion between the total cost of servicing debt and operating cashflow.

Reserves Policy

As part of the annual planning and budget setting process the Board review the level of cash required appropriate to the scale, complexity, and risk profile of The City of Liverpool College Group. The Board's aim is to ensure that sufficient funds are held to meet commitments and bank covenants. The level of reserves takes into account the fact that funding body grants provide a significant proportion of The City of Liverpool College Group's incoming resources which has historically been reasonably certain. Due to the lagged funding methodology associated with 16-18 year old learners and changes to the funding of apprenticeships the Board plans to set a budget that will allow the group to maintain the cash reserve to provide an appropriate level of contingency for the Group. Despite a positive operational performance in 2023/24 the servicing of debt and capital expenditure has led to a reduction in the position at the end of the year when compared to prior year. However, this was in planned based following a number of years of building cash reserves, the Board made the decision to make additional investment in staffing and is in line with the budget. Ongoing financial planning is essential to identify any potential issues at the earliest opportunity.

CURRENT AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENT AND PERFORMANCE

Student numbers

In 2023/24 the Group has delivered activity that has produced £34,734k in funding body main allocation funding (2022/23 – £30,260k). The College had approximately 9,332 funded and 3,294 unfunded (HE, Advanced Learner Loans and Income Generation) learners in the year 2023/24 (7,985 funded and 3,289 unfunded learners in 2022/23).

Student achievements

The College's reputation as an Ofsted Good provider has again contributed to a positive enrolment period in 2024/25. Whilst final enrolment numbers have not yet been finalised ahead of our Individualised Learner Record return (R04), early indications indicate that the College has seen an increase in 16-18 students compared with the same point in 2023-24. Indicative adult student numbers have also seen an increase against the previous year. Higher Education recruitment has seen a small decrease in OFS fundable students in 2024/25.

Indicative 2023/24 overall combined age achievement rates for continuing provision have been maintained above national averages at 86.6% (GFE National Rate 84.2%). The achievement rates were attained for 17,207 enrolments. Achievement rates for young people are above national rates at 85.3% (GFE NR 81.7%) and adult achievement rates 87.6% (GFE NR 87.0%). Within study programmes, 12.7% (480/3786) of students enrol without a grade (or U grade) in English, and similarly 12.5% (475/3786) also enrol without a grade in mathematics. Pass rates at grade 4 and above are in line with national rates for English, with 20.8% of learners achieving a 4 or above in English (GFE NR 20%), however at 13.2%, the pass rates for grade 4 or above in maths is below national benchmarks (GFE NR 14%).

Apprenticeship outcomes for 2023/24 are predicted to be 51.6% for all ages, this is significantly above the national rate for this qualification mix (49.7%), but below the overall GFE national rate (54.6%) and DfE minimum target for 2025 (67.0%). This achievement rate is a decrease of 0.3% from the previous year and illustrates the impact of long, multi-year programmes with an average apprenticeship duration at the college being 36 months.

Curriculum developments

The College's curriculum is developed in partnership with employers and other stakeholders to ensure it meets the skills needs of the city region. This includes the development of T Levels in Applied Science, Management and Administration, Digital, Education, Engineering and Health. These qualifications are developed with employers and provide students with extended industry placements to develop their employability skills. This work with employer partners also benefits students with SEND in the city region, through partnership working with Alder Hey Children's Hospital Trust and HMRC to develop supported internships, which improve the life chances of young people with SEND by supporting them into sustained, paid employment.

The College continues to innovate and shape its curriculum to meet evolving skills needs, working with the Combined Authority to maximise opportunities for those in its communities. This innovation includes the development of skills bootcamps in key skill areas such as HGV training. These bootcamps provide intensive skills training in priority areas, leading to an interview with an employer upon completion. Adults in the city region benefit from intensive support for numeracy development through the Multiply and Test and Learn programmes, both of which support adults furthest from education to access skills training.

Through a rigorous curriculum planning process, managers are challenged to ensure their curriculum offer meets the skills needs of the city region, which contributes to this evolving, skills-focussed curriculum. In order to provide clear routes to higher technical skills training, the College continues to invest in its higher education provision, including the development of Higher Technical Qualifications, starting with Digital and the launch of the Computing for England HNC and HND qualifications. In addition, the College continues to have strong partnerships with The Open University, Liverpool John Moores University and The University of Huddersfield, supporting validated programmes that lead to full degrees, either at the College or elsewhere.

The College also continues to see a high demand for Apprenticeship provision and is working with employers across the city region to provide a well-trained workforce of apprentices to meet skills needs. The College continues to look at the best routes for expansion of a more diverse set of apprenticeship standards, including on shorter programmes to offer accelerated solutions to employers' skills needs.

Payment performance

The Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998, which came into force on 1 November 1998, requires Colleges, in the absence of agreement to the contrary, to make payments to suppliers within 30 days of either the provision of goods or services or the date on which the invoice was received. The target set by the Treasury for payment to suppliers within 30 days is 95 per cent. During the accounting period 1 August 2023 to 31 July 2024, the Group paid 70.27% per cent of its invoices within 30 days. The Group is continuing to move an increased number of suppliers towards 60 day payment terms as standard which has an impact regarding the performance against the sector target based on 30 days. The College incurred no interest charges in respect of late payment for this period.

Future prospects

The College aims to continue increasing contribution through continuous improvements to efficiencies across the college sites. The College would like to reduce dependency on the funding bodies and is seeking opportunities, particularly in the areas where the College currently performs well such as Higher Education and the Office for Students (OfS) and Local Enterprise Partnership grants.

Effective from 1 August 2019, the administration of the Adult Education Budget (AEB) for the Liverpool City Region (LCR) has been devolved to the Liverpool City Region Combined Authority (LCRCA). This makes up the majority of the AEB income for the College. The College delivered its AEB allocation with the tolerance for reconciliation.

The LCRCA has confirmed the potential to bid for in year growth in 2024/25, subject to affordability and recruitment in economic priority areas.

The Group accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis with further detail provided on pages 25 and 38.

RESOURCES

The Group has various resources that it can deploy in pursuit of its strategic objectives. There are existing facilities at the Learning Exchange at Roscoe Street as well as college sites at The Arts Centre, Vauxhall Road, Duke Street and Clarence Street.

Financial

The Group has a £32.1 million net assets, including a pension asset/(liability) of £nil and long-term debt (due after one year) of £4.2 million.

People

The Group employed an average of 582 people (expressed as full time equivalents), of whom 240 were teaching staff.

Reputation

The Group continues to enhance its reputation by forging strong links with stakeholders across Liverpool as well as those engaged with apprenticeship schemes. Continued improvement of the Group's sites and facilities will maintain a quality brand and continue to maintain student numbers and attract quality external relationships.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES:

Throughout the year the Group has continued to develop and embed the system of internal control, including financial, operational and risk management which is designed to protect the Group's assets and reputation.

Based on the strategic plan, the Strategic Leadership Team undertakes a comprehensive review of the risks to which the Group is exposed. They identify systems and procedures, including specific preventable actions which should mitigate any potential impact on the Group. The internal controls are then implemented, and the subsequent year's appraisal will review their effectiveness and progress against risk mitigation actions. In addition to the annual review, the Strategic Leadership Team will also consider any risks which may arise as a result of a new area of work being undertaken by the Group.

A risk register is maintained at the Group level which is reviewed at least annually by the Group Audit Committee and more frequently where necessary. The risk register identifies the key risks, the likelihood of those risks occurring, their potential impact on the Group and the actions being taken to reduce and mitigate the risks. Risks are prioritised using a consistent scoring system.

Outlined below is a description of the principal risk factors that may affect the Group. Not all the factors are within the Group's control. Other factors besides those listed below may also adversely affect the Group.

1 Government funding

The College has considerable reliance on continued government funding through the further education sector funding bodies and through HEFCE/OFS. In 2023/24, 88.2% of the Group's revenue was ultimately publicly funded and this level of requirement is expected to continue. There can be no assurance that government policy or practice will remain the same or that public funding will continue at the same levels or on the same terms.

The College is aware of several issues which may impact on future funding, including continued apprenticeship reforms and changes to government funding. The College, in conjunction with its key stakeholders, is developing a strategy for growth in response to the devolution agenda and to the apprenticeships reform. It is recognised that continued changes to apprenticeship funding including the Digital Apprenticeship Service has significantly affected that marketplace and added to the complexity of delivering apprenticeships. Government policy continues to develop in this area.

In addition, the College is also aware that future funding will be impacted by the lagged funding methodology for 16-18 core funding and the impact of the actual performance in 2023/24 against targets.

This risk is mitigated in a number of ways:

- Funding is derived through a number of direct and indirect contractual arrangements
- Ensuring the College is rigorous in delivering high quality education and training
- Considerable focus and investment is placed on maintaining and managing key relationships with the various funding bodies
- Ensuring the College is focused on those priority sectors which will continue to benefit from public funding
- Regular dialogue with funding bodies.

2 Tuition fee policy

The co-funded fee assumption for adult further education provision remains at 50%. In line with most other Colleges, The City of Liverpool College will increase tuition fees in accordance with the fee assumptions. However, fewer learners are assessed as co-funded as more fall into the Advanced Learner Loan category or are employed and eligible for full funding due to low wage or eligible for full funding through the new National Skills Fund scheme.

Higher Education tuition fees are competitive locally and reviewed annually. For 2024/25 entrants all years' tuition fees range from £6,700 to £8,450, with the higher rate for the resource intensive subjects. The Teaching Excellence Framework rating of silver supports the College position. Fees are also annual assess in comparison to competitors. As more fees are payable by loan it is uncertain the impact this will have on learner numbers.

This risk is mitigated in a number of ways:

- By ensuring the College is rigorous in delivering high quality education and training, thus ensuring value for money for students.
- Close monitoring of the demand for courses as prices change.

3 Maintain adequate funding of pension liabilities

The financial statements report the share of the Local Government Pension Scheme deficit/surplus on the College's balance sheet in line with the requirements of FRS 102.

4 Failure to maintain the financial viability of the College

The College's current financial health grade is classified as Good as described previously. This is largely the consequence of rigorous budget setting procedures and robust financial controls. Over recent years, the College has made ongoing efficiencies via a rigorous business transformation programme and procurement savings.

Debt is low as a percentage of income however the debt is held under a term loan with accompanying bank covenants in place. At the end of the year the bank covenants were met. It should be noted that there is a risk regarding the need to balance the servicing of debt and surpluses achieved in the year to ensure that covenants are not breached.

STAKEHOLDER RELATIONSHIPS

In line with other colleges and with universities, The City of Liverpool College has many stakeholders. These include:

- Students;
- Education sector funding bodies;
- FE Commissioner;
- Staff;
- Employers (with specific links);
- Liverpool City Region Combined Authority
- Local authorities;
- Office for Students & Universities;
- Schools;
- Government Offices/Local Enterprise Partnerships (LEPs);
- The local community;
- Other FE/HE institutions;
- Trade unions; and
- Professional bodies.

The Group recognises the importance of these relationships and engages in regular communication with them through the Group's various meetings.

Staff and Student Involvement

The Group considers good communication with its staff to be very important. It encourages staff and student involvement through membership of formal committees. The Group also receives good feedback from staff surveys and student satisfaction survey.

Equality

The College is committed to ensuring equality of opportunity for all who learn and work here. We respect and value positively differences in race, gender, sexual orientation, disability, religion or belief and age. We strive vigorously to remove conditions which place people at a disadvantage and we will actively combat bigotry. This policy is resourced, implemented and monitored on a planned basis. The College's Equality and Diversity Policy is published on the College's Intranet site.

The College publishes Equality Information and Equality Objectives to ensure compliance with all relevant equality legislation including the Equality Act 2010. The College undertakes equality impact assessments on all new policies and procedures and publishes the results. Equality impact assessments are also undertaken for existing policies and procedures on a prioritised basis.

The College is committed to being an inclusive employer and has committed to the principles and objectives of the Positive about Disabled standard. The College considers all employment applications from disabled persons, bearing in mind the aptitudes of the individuals concerned, and guarantees an interview to any disabled applicant who meets the essential criteria for the post. Where an existing employee becomes

disabled, every effort is made to ensure that employment with the College continues. The College's policy is to provide training, career development and opportunities for promotion which, as far as possible, provide identical opportunities to those of non-disabled employees. The Equality and Diversity group, met 5 times in the year. The Ofsted inspection highlighted that:

- Governors, leaders and staff have created a culture which recognises and celebrates equality and diversity throughout the college.
- Students take part in innovative events and activities throughout the year to promote equality and celebrate diversity.
- Also Managers' actions, identified and led by the EDI Strategy Group, aiming to narrow achievement gaps between different groups of students have been successful. Students who have learning difficulties or are from disadvantaged backgrounds now achieve as highly as their peers. Young people who are in the care of the local authority and who had very low attainment rates at school make good progress.

The College has also implemented an updated Equality & Diversity training programme which all staff have completed. Refresher training and training for new starters is carried out on an ongoing basis.

Disability statement

The College seeks to achieve the objectives set down in the Equality Act 2010:

- a) As part of its Estates strategy the College updated its access audit. Buildings are accessible (insofar as is practical), with ramps and lifts to allow wheelchair access.
- b) The College has support in place to provide information, advice and arrange support where necessary for students with disabilities.
- c) There is a list of specialist equipment, such as radio aids, which the College can make available for use by students and a range of assistive technology is available in the learning centre.
- d) The admissions policy for all students is described in the College charter. Appeals against a decision not to offer a place are dealt with under the complaints policy.
- e) The College has made a significant investment in the appointment of specialist lecturers to support students with learning difficulties and/or disabilities. There are a number of student support assistants who can provide a variety of support for learning. There is a continuing programme of staff development to ensure the provision of a high level of appropriate support for students who have learning difficulties and/or disabilities.
- f) Specialist programmes are described in College prospectuses, and achievements and destinations are recorded and published in the standard College format.
- g) Counselling and welfare services are described in the College Student Guide, which is issued to students together with the Complaints and Disciplinary Procedure leaflets at induction.

Trade union facility time

The Trade Union (Facility Time Publication Requirements) Regulations 2017 require the college to publish information on facility time arrangements for trade union officials at the college:

Numbers of employees who were relevant union officials in the period	FTE employee number
19	17.16

Percentage of time	Number of employees
0%	-
1-50%	19
51-99%	-
100%	-

Total cost of facility time (£)	£8,921
Total pay bill (£000)	£27,413,268
Percentage of total bill spent on facility time	0,03%

Time spent on paid trade union activities as a percentage of total paid facility time	17.8%
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Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting

Sustainability is a key priority for the College. We are committed to continuously improving our sustainability approach, through the promotion of environmental awareness and responsibility, and embedding sustainability across the College. A new Sustainability Steering Group Committee has been established and which will meet on a termly basis. The group will oversee the college sustainability strategy, monitoring progress and consider further action to reduce environmental impact. The group has cross-college membership including support the Governing Body, College Executive Team, Business Support and Curriculum senior managers / representatives, and members of the Student Union.

The key workstreams are Leadership & Governance, Estates & Operations, Procurement, Curriculum & Staff training and Engagement & Communications.

The College is committed to reducing its carbon emissions and has taken the following measures in the year to improve energy efficiency:

- Measure 1 - All gas, electricity and water meters now able being monitored and reported on via an online portal to identify usage, trends and energy waste.
- Measure 2 - A comprehensive heat decarbonisation plan for each of the five college sites has been completed. The plans will allow the College to fully understand where best to target spending to reduce emissions.

The college's greenhouse gas emissions and energy use for the period are set out below:

UK Greenhouse gas emissions and energy use data for the period	1 August 2023 to 31 July 2024	1 August 2022 to 31 July 2023
Energy consumption used to calculate emissions (kWh)	6,591,405	6,852,313

<u>Scope 1 emissions in metric tonnes CO2e</u>		
Gas consumption	684.7	718.4
Owned transport	4.9	5.4
Total	689.6	723.8
<u>Scope 2 emissions in metric tonnes CO2e</u>	605.9	622.2
Purchased electricity		
<u>Scope 3 emissions in metric tonnes CO2e</u>		
Business Travel in hired fleet or train	3.9	1.6
Business travel in employee owned vehicles	0	
Total gross emissions in metric tonnes CO2e	1,299	1,348
Floor area m2	48,063m2	48,063m2
<u>Intensity ratio</u>		
Metric tonnes CO2e per m2 of floor area - tCO2e/m2 (note	0.03	0.03

Qualification and reporting methodology

We have followed the 2019 HM Government Environmental Reporting Guidelines. We have also used the GHG Reporting Protocol – Corporate Standard and have used the 2022 UK Government's Conversion Factors for Company Reporting.

Intensity ratio

The chosen intensity measurement ratio is Metric tonnes CO2e per floor area.

Going concern

After making appropriate enquiries and consideration of the forecasts prepared, the Corporation considers that the College has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

The College currently has £4,890k of loans outstanding secured by a charge on college buildings. Cash flow forecasts have been tested with sensitivities, including several downside scenarios. Key risks are reviewed regularly by the Executive team and Board. The College forecasts that with effective management of working capital as referred to in the basis of preparation, sufficient resources are in place to meet essential financial commitments going forward.

Disclosure of information to auditors

The members who held office at the date of approval of this report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the College's auditors are unaware; and each member has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the College's auditors are aware of that information.

Approved by order of the members of the Corporation on 10 December 2024 and signed on its behalf by:


.....

Antony Cobain
Chair

Statement of Corporate Governance and Internal Control

The following statement is provided to enable readers of the annual report and accounts of the College to obtain a better understanding of its governance and legal structure. This statement covers the period from 1 August 2023 to 31 July 2024 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

The College endeavours to conduct its business:

- i. in accordance with the seven principles identified by the Committee on Standards in Public Life (selflessness, integrity, objectivity, accountability, openness, honesty and leadership);
- ii. in full accordance with the guidance to colleges from the Association of Colleges in The Code of Good Governance for English Colleges ("the Code"); and
- iii. having due regard to the UK Corporate Governance Code 2018 insofar as it is applicable to the further education sector.

The Group is committed to exhibiting best practice in all aspects of corporate governance and in particular the College/Board has adopted and complied with the Code. We have not adopted and therefore do not apply the UK Corporate Governance Code. However, we have reported on our Corporate Governance arrangements by drawing upon best practice available, including those aspects of the UK Corporate Governance Code we consider to be relevant to the further education sector and best practice.

In the opinion of the Governors, the College complies with the provisions of the Code, and it has complied throughout the year ended 31 July 2024. The Governing Body recognises that, as a body entrusted with both public and private funds, it has a particular duty to observe the highest standards of corporate governance at all times. In carrying out its responsibilities, it takes full account of The Code of Good Governance for English Colleges issued by the Association of Colleges in March 2015, which it formally adopted on 8 July 2015; the Board has subsequently accepted the amendments required as a result of also adopting the Colleges Senior Staff Remuneration Code on 3 July 2019.

When adopting the Code in July 2015, the Board agreed that it would not comply with point 7.5 which suggested that subsidiary Boards should be comprised wholly of independent directors. While independent directors have been added to the Board of Shared Education Services, the Corporation Board agreed that the Group would still adhere to the BIS guidance on subsidiary companies (Consent for FE Colleges to Invest in Companies, June 2011) and continues to appoint College governors to subsidiary Boards due to the strategic interdependencies; for similar reasons, senior College staff will also continue to be appointed to subsidiary companies.

The College is an exempt charity within the meaning of Part 3 of the Charities Act 2011. The Governors, who are also the Trustees for the purposes of the Charities Act 2011, confirm that they have had due regard for the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit and that the required statements appear elsewhere in these financial statements.

The Corporation

The members who served on the Corporation during the year and up to the date of signature of this report were as listed in the table below.

Name	Date of appointment	Term of office	Date of resignation	Status of appointment	Committees served	Attendance
Ms Louise Barry	Reappointed 18 October 2024	4 years		Independent member		28.57
Ms Elaine Bowker	1 June 2011	-		Principal	Finance	86.67
Mr Antony Cobain	Reappointed 18 October 2024	4 years		Independent member	Remuneration Chair of the Corporation	100
Sleiman Darwish	8 December 2021	4 years		Student Governor		80
Mr Paul Coyle	14 September 2023	4 years		Independent member	Finance	75
Ms Alena George	6 December 2023	4 years		Student Governor		100
Mr Daniel Harvey	12 May 2021	4 years		Independent member	Audit	100
Ms Hilene Henry	Reappointed 18 October 2024	4 years		Independent member	Finance Remuneration	53.85
Mr Matthew Hughson	Appointed 18 October 2023	4 years		Staff		100
CLlr Patrick Hurley	Reappointed 9 December 2020	4 years	5 March 2024	Independent member		50
Ms Vivienne Lacey	Reappointed 8 December 2021	4 years		Independent member	Audit Vice Chair until 26 January 2022	100
Mr Frank McKenna	Reappointed 8 December 2021	4 years	17 October 2024	Independent member		22.22

Name	Date of appointment	Term of office	Date of resignation	Status of appointment	Committees served	Attendance
Mr Moin Patala	8 December 2021	4 years		Independent member	Audit	83.33
Mr David Pichilingi	27 January 2021	4 years		Independent member	Remuneration	44.44
Mr Phillip Sheard	Reappointed 9 December 2020	4 years		Independent member	Remuneration	22.22
Ms Ruth Slater	14 September 2023	4 years		Independent member		83.33
Ms Sian Taylor	Reappointed 18 October 2024	4 years		Independent member	Vice Chair from 26 January 2021 Remuneration	27.27
Dr Peter Tavernor	Reappointed 8 December 2021	4 years		Independent member	Finance Remuneration Performance and Quality Task and Finish Group	88.24
Ms Gill Williams	Reappointed 18 October 2024	4 years		Staff		90.90
Ms Christine Lenderyou acts as Clerk to the Corporation.						

The attendance information includes extraordinary meetings which may be called at short notice. It does not include attendance outside of meetings (e.g. with stakeholders, the Education and Skills Funding Agency, auditors, bank, procurement/recruitment panels, strategic planning events, link governor activity etc). On occasion, the Board will grant a leave of absence from Board meetings so long as that governor's overall contribution merits that. Where governors are appointed mid-year, the Board appreciates that prior commitments may need to be honoured. Attendance is monitored throughout the year and considered in the context of overall contribution as governors are expected to perform more duties than solely attending meetings. Overall attendance at meetings in 2023/24 was 70.39%.

It is the Corporation's responsibility to bring independent judgement to bear on issues of strategy, performance, resources and standards of conduct.

The Corporation is provided with regular and timely information on the overall financial performance of the Group together with other information such as performance against funding targets, proposed capital expenditure, risk management, quality matters and personnel-related matters such as health and safety and environmental issues. The Corporation meets at least twice each term, and shall hold such other meetings as may be necessary.

The Corporation conducts its business through a number of committees. Each committee has terms of reference, which have been approved by the Corporation. These committees are Finance, Remuneration, and Audit. The Corporation is also supported by a Performance and Quality Task and Finish Group which operates under the direction of the Board. Full minutes of all meetings, except those deemed to be confidential by the Corporation, are available on the College's website <http://www.liv-coll.ac.uk/The-college/college-governance/board-minutes-meetings/> or from the Clerk to the Corporation at The City of Liverpool College, The Learning Exchange, Roscoe Street, Liverpool, L1 9DW.

The Clerk to the Corporation maintains a register of financial and personal interests of the governors. The register is available for inspection at the above address.

All governors are able to take independent professional advice in furtherance of their duties at the College's expense and have access to the Clerk to the Corporation, who is responsible to the Board for ensuring that all applicable procedures and regulations are complied with. The appointment, evaluation and removal of the Clerk are matters for the Corporation as a whole.

Formal agendas, papers and reports are supplied to governors in a timely manner, prior to Board meetings. Briefings are provided on an ad hoc basis.

The Corporation has a strong and independent non-executive element and no individual or group dominates its decision-making process. The Corporation considers that each of its non-executive members is independent of management and free from any business or other relationship which could materially interfere with the exercise of their independent judgement.

There is a clear division of responsibility in that the roles of the Chairman and Accounting Officer are separate.

The College was subject to an Ofsted inspection in February 2024 and the result of the final report was an Ofsted grading 2 'Good' with outstanding features which was an improvement from the previous Ofsted inspection in October 2017. The Board are pleased with the outcome of the inspection visit and the College continues to monitor progress against any recommendations made and ensure that high standards are maintained.

Appointments to the Corporation

Any new appointments to the Corporation are a matter for the consideration of the Corporation as a whole. The Corporation determines the scope of any additional appointments and arrangements for the identification of candidates and recommendations to the Corporation on appointments are delegated to the Chair, Principal and Clerk. The Corporation is responsible for ensuring that appropriate training is provided as required.

Members of the Corporation are appointed for a term of office not exceeding four years. Ordinarily governors will serve a maximum of two terms, but this may be extended in exceptional circumstances.

Corporation performance

The corporation's performance was self-assessed against the Association of Colleges' Code of Good Governance and the overall outcome was a strong level of compliance.

The governing body is committed to development and in 2023/24 governors attended various activities including the student governor festival of governance, safeguarding training and had unfettered access to training offered by the Association of Colleges and the Education and Training Foundation. The Vice Chair has attended the Institute of Directors' Chair's Development Programme (via the Education and Training Foundation). In 2024/25 so far governors have received an update to their safeguarding training, some governors attended a session on Local Skills Improvement Plans and new governors have commenced their induction programme. During the relevant period the Clerk has undertaken training on Safeguarding and Prevent, health and safety, and continues to be an active member of the national Clerks' network and provides mentoring to new governance professionals.

The governing body has considered DfE guidance on board reviews and will commission an external review in 2024/25. The board self-assessed its own performance in 2023/24 using the AoC's Code of Good Governance as a starting point"

Remuneration Committee

The Corporation is supported by a Remuneration Committee. Its main objectives are to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration and benefits of the Principal and other senior post holders; to review the performance of senior post holders and to make recommendations to the Corporation around an effective succession planning strategy.

Details of remuneration for the year ended 31 July 2024 are set out in note 7 to the financial statements.

The Board has adopted the AoC's Remuneration Code for Senior Staff and has recognised the necessary amendment to the Code of Good Governance for English Colleges.

Group Audit Committee

The Group Audit Committee comprises at least three members of the Corporation (excluding the Principal (Accounting Officer) and Chair) and may also include up to two co-opted members. The Committee operates in accordance with written terms of reference approved by the Corporation.

The Group Audit Committee meets on a termly basis and provides a forum for reporting by the College's internal, regularity and financial statements auditors, who have access to the Committee for independent discussion, without the presence of College management. The Committee also receives and considers reports from the main FE funding bodies as they affect the College's business.

The College's internal auditors review the systems of internal control, risk management controls and governance processes in accordance with an agreed plan of input and report their findings to management and the Group Audit Committee.

Management are responsible for the implementation of agreed audit recommendations and internal audit undertakes periodic follow-up reviews to ensure such recommendations have been implemented.

The Group Audit Committee also advises the Corporation on the appointment of internal, regularity and financial statements auditors and their remuneration for both audit and non-audit work as well as reporting annually to the Corporation.

Group Finance Committee

The Group Finance Committee comprises of a minimum of three members of the Corporation and may also include up to two co-opted members. The Committee operates in accordance with written terms of reference approved by the Corporation.

The role of the Group Finance Committee is to advise the Board on financial health and solvency of the Group including scrutiny of management accounts, cash position, performance against budget and the financial strategy of the Group.

Performance and Quality Task and Finish Group

This Group works under the direction of the Board with annual objectives outlined at the first meeting of each academic year. All governors are invited to attend and there is a co-opted member. Quorum is three. The Group reports to the Board after each meeting. Managers from across the College are invited to the meetings depending on the agenda.

Internal control

Scope of responsibility

The Corporation is ultimately responsible for the College's system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness. However, such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Corporation has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the Principal, as Accounting Officer, for maintaining a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of the College's policies, aims and objectives, whilst safeguarding the public funds and assets for which she is personally responsible, in accordance with the responsibilities assigned to her in the Financial Memorandum between The City of Liverpool College and the funding bodies and the OfS registration conditions. She is also responsible for reporting to the Corporation any material weaknesses or breakdowns in internal control.

The purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of College policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in The City of Liverpool College for the year ended 31 July 2024 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts.

Capacity to handle risk

The Corporation has reviewed the key risks to which the College is exposed together with the operating, financial and compliance controls and arrangements for compliance with legal and regulatory matters including those relating to the regularity and propriety of the use of Public Funding that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The Corporation is of the view that there is a formal ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the College's significant risks that has been in place for the year ended 31 July 2024 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts. This process is regularly reviewed by the Corporation.

The risk and control framework

The system of internal control is based on a framework of regular management information, administrative procedures including the segregation of duties, and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

- comprehensive budgeting systems with an annual budget, which is reviewed and agreed by the governing body
- regular reviews by the governing body of periodic and annual financial reports which indicate financial performance against forecasts
- setting targets to measure financial and other performance
- clearly defined capital investment control guidelines
- the adoption of formal project management disciplines, where appropriate.

The City of Liverpool College Group purchases an internal audit service, which operates in accordance with the requirements of the ESFA's *Post 16 Audit Code of Practice*. The work of the internal audit service is informed by an analysis of the risks to which the College is exposed, and annual internal audit plans are based on this analysis. The analysis of risks and the internal audit plans are endorsed by the Corporation on the recommendation of the audit committee. At a minimum, annually, the internal audit service provides the governing body with a report on internal audit activity in the Group. The report includes the internal audit service's independent opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the College's system of risk management, controls and governance processes.

Responsibilities under funding agreements

The Department for Education and Education and Skills Funding Agency introduced new controls for the college on 29 November 2022 on the day that the Office for National Statistics reclassified colleges as public sector organisations in the national accounts. The ESFA chief executive communicated these changes to all college accounting officers and these have now been reflected in the College Financial Handbook in 2024 which has the effective date of 1 August 2024. The College has reviewed its policies, procedures and approval processes in line with these new requirements to ensure there are systems in place to identify and handle any transactions for which DfE approval is required.

Statement from the audit committee

The audit committee has advised the board of governors that the corporation has an effective framework for governance and risk management in place. The audit committee believes the corporation has effective internal controls in place.

The specific areas of work undertaken by the audit committee in 2023/24 and up to the date of the approval of the financial statements are:

- Performance management
- Learner Journey
- Budgetary control
- Bursary funds
- Student Systems – Study Programmes
- Strategic Planning
- Student Wellbeing
- Business continuity

Review of effectiveness

As Accounting Officer, the Principal has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. This review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by:

- the work of the internal audit service
- the work of the executive managers within the College who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework
- comments made by the College's financial statements auditors and the reporting accountant auditors for regularity assurance in their management letters and other reports.

The Accounting Officer has been advised on the implications of the result of her review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control by the Group Audit Committee, which oversees the work of the internal audit service and other sources of assurance and a plan to address weaknesses and ensure continuous improvement of the system is in place.

The Strategic Leadership Team receives reports setting out key performance and risk indicators and considers possible control issues brought to their attention by early warning mechanisms, which are embedded within the departments and reinforced by risk awareness training. The Strategic Leadership Team and the Group Audit Committee also receive regular reports from internal audit and other sources of assurance, which include recommendations for improvement. The Group Audit Committee's role in this area is confined to a high-level review of the arrangements for internal control. The Corporation's agenda includes a regular item for consideration of risk and control and receives reports thereon from the Strategic Leadership Team and the Group Audit Committee. The emphasis is on obtaining the relevant degree of assurance and not merely reporting by exception. At its December 2024 meeting, the Corporation carried out the annual assessment for the year ended 31 July 2024 by considering documentation from the Strategic Leadership Team and internal audit and taking account of events since 31 July 2024.

Based on the advice of the Audit Committee and the Accounting Officer, the Corporation is of the opinion that the College has an adequate and effective framework for governance, risk management and control, and has fulfilled its statutory responsibility for *“the effective and efficient use of resources, the solvency of the institution and the body and the safeguarding of their assets”*.

With the cash reserves in place and the continued support of the College’s bankers, the Corporation considers that the College has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. This is further detailed within the notes to the financial statements (page 38). For this reason the college continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Approved by order of the members of the Corporation on 10 December 2024 and signed on its behalf by:



Antony Cobain
Chair



Elaine Bowker
Accounting Officer

Governing Body's Statement on the College's Regularity, Propriety and Compliance with Funding body terms and conditions of funding

As accounting officer I confirm that the corporation has had due regard to the framework of authorities governing regularity, propriety and compliance, and the requirements of the College's accountability agreement, grant funding agreements and contracts with ESFA and DfE and has considered its responsibility to notify ESFA of material irregularity, impropriety and non-compliance with those authorities and terms and conditions of funding.

I confirm, on behalf of the Corporation, that after due enquiry, and to the best of my knowledge, I am able to identify any material irregular or improper use of funds by the Corporation, or material noncompliance with the framework of authorities and the terms and conditions of funding under the Corporation grant funding agreements and contracts with the ESFA and DfE or any other public funder. This includes the elements outlined on the "Dear Accounting Officer" letter of 29 November 2022 and ESFA's bite size guides.

I confirm that no instances of material irregularity, impropriety, funding non-compliance, or non-compliance with the framework of authorities have been discovered to date. If any instances are identified after the date of this statement, these will be notified to the ESFA.

E. Bowker

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Elaine Bowker

Accounting Officer

10 December 2024

Statement of the chair of governors

On behalf of the Corporation, I confirm that the accounting officer has discussed their statement of regularity, propriety and compliance with the board and that I am content that it is materially accurate.



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Antony Cobain

Chair

10 December 2024

Statement of Responsibilities of the Members of the Corporation

The members of the Corporation as charity trustees, are required to present audited financial statements for each financial year.

The law applicable to charities in England and the terms and conditions of the College's Accountability Agreement and Funding Agreement between the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA), Department for Education (DfE) and any other relevant funding bodies, the Corporation of the College is required to prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial performance and position of the College for that period. Corporations must also prepare a strategic report which includes an operating and financial review for the year. The bases for the preparation of the financial statements and strategic report are the Statement of Recommended Practice – Accounting for Further and Higher Education, ESFA's College Accounts Direction, Accounts Direction issued by the Office for Students. and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards).

In preparing the financial statements, the Corporation is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- assess whether the corporation is a going concern, noting the key supporting assumptions qualifications or mitigating actions as appropriate
- prepare financial statements on the going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to assume that the Group and the College will continue in operation.

The Corporation is also required to prepare a strategic report, in accordance with paragraphs 3.23 to 3.27 of the FE and HE SORP, that describes what it is trying to do and how it is going about it, including information about the legal and administrative status of the Corporation.

The Corporation is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy, at any time, the financial position of the Group and the College, and which enable it to ensure that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with relevant legislation including the Further and Higher Education Act 1992 and Charities Act 2011 and other relevant accounting standards. It is responsible for taking steps that are reasonably open to it in order to safeguard the assets of the Group and the College and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The maintenance and integrity of the College website is the responsibility of the Corporation of the College; the work carried out by the auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and, accordingly, the auditors accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the financial statements since they were initially presented on the website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Members of the Corporation are responsible for ensuring that expenditure and income are applied for the purposes intended and that the financial transactions conform to the authorities that govern them. In addition, they are responsible for ensuring that funds from ESFA, DfE and any other public funds, are used only in accordance with the Accountability Agreement, ESFA's grant funding agreements and contracts and any other conditions, that may be prescribed from time to time by ESFA, or any other public funder, including that any transactions entered into by the corporation are within the delegated authorities following the reclassification of college corporations on 29 November 2022. Members of the corporation must ensure that there are appropriate financial and management controls in place to safeguard public and other funds and

ensure they are used properly. In addition, members of the corporation are responsible for securing economic, efficient and effective management of the corporation's resources and expenditure so that the benefits that should be derived from the application of public funds from ESFA, DfE and other public bodies are not put at risk. They are also responsible for ensuring funds from Office for Students or other sources are properly applied for the purposes for which they have been given and in accordance with relevant legislation or terms and conditions attached to them.

Approved by order of the members of the Corporation on 10 December 2024 and signed on its behalf by:


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Antony Cobain

Chair

Independent auditor's report to the Corporation of The City of Liverpool College

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Liverpool College (the "College") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 July 2024 which comprise the consolidated and college statements of comprehensive income, the consolidated and college balance sheets, the consolidated and college statements of changes in reserves, the consolidated statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and the Accounts Direction issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and of the College's affairs as at 31 July 2024 and of the Group's and the College's surplus of income over expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Accounts Direction issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group and college in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the governors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the group's or the college's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the governors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Report and Financial Statements other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The governors are responsible for the other information contained within the Report and Financial Statements. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in

the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Office for Students' Accounts Direction

In our opinion, in all material respects:

- funds from whatever source administered by the college for specific purposes have been properly applied to those purposes and managed in accordance with relevant legislation;
- funds provided by the Office for Students, UK Research and Innovation (including Research England), the Education and Skills Funding Agency and Department for Education have been applied in accordance with the relevant terms and conditions; and
- the requirements of the Office for Students' accounts direction for the relevant year's financial statements have been met.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Post-16 Audit Code of Practice issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept;
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations required for our audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Office for Students' accounts direction requires us to report to you if:

- the College's grant and fee income, as disclosed in the note 3 to the accounts, has been materially misstated.
- The College's expenditure on access and participation activities for the financial year has been materially misstated.

Responsibilities of the Governing Body of The City of Liverpool College

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Corporation's Responsibilities set out on pages 27 and 28, the Corporation is responsible for the preparation of financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Corporation determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Corporation is responsible for assessing the Group's and the College's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Corporation either intend to liquidate the Group or the College or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. The objectives of our audit are to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding compliance with laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, to perform audit procedures to help identify instances of non-compliance with other laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements, and to respond appropriately to identified or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations identified during the audit.

In relation to fraud, the objectives of our audit are to identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud, to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the assessed risks of material misstatement due to fraud through designing and implementing appropriate responses and to respond appropriately to fraud or suspected fraud identified during the audit.

However, it is the primary responsibility of management, with the oversight of those charged with governance, to ensure that the entity's operations are conducted in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations and for the prevention and detection of fraud.

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud, the group audit engagement team:

- obtained an understanding of the nature of the sector, including the legal and regulatory frameworks that the group and College operates in and how the group and college are complying with the legal and regulatory frameworks;
- inquired of management, and those charged with governance, about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, including any known actual, suspected or alleged instances of fraud;
- discussed matters about non-compliance with laws and regulations and how fraud might occur including assessment of how and where the financial statements may be susceptible to fraud.

As a result of these procedures we consider the most significant laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the financial statements are FRS 102, Further and Higher Education SORP, the College Accounts Direction published by the Education and Skills Funding Agency, Regulatory Advice 9: Accounts Direction published by the Office for Students'. We performed audit procedures to detect non-compliances which may have a material impact on the financial statements which included reviewing financial statement disclosures.

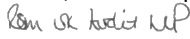
The most significant laws and regulations that have an indirect impact on the financial statements are those which are in relation to the Education Inspection Framework under the Education and Inspections Act 2006, Keeping Children Safe in Education under the Education Act 2002 and the UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR) and the Data Protection Act 2018. We performed audit procedures to inquire of management whether the group is in compliance with these laws and regulations and inspected correspondence with licensing or regulatory authorities.

The group audit engagement team identified the risk of management override of controls, and apprenticeship income as the areas where the financial statements were most susceptible to material misstatement due to fraud. Audit procedures performed included but were not limited to testing journal entries and other adjustments and evaluating the business rationale in relation to significant, unusual transactions and transactions entered into outside the normal course of business, challenging judgments and estimates, and substantive testing of apprenticeship income.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at <http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Corporation, as a body, in accordance with the Funding Agreement published by the Education and Skills Funding Agency and our engagement letter dated 2 December 2021. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Corporation, as a body, those matters we are engaged to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Corporation, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



RSM UK Audit LLP
Chartered Accountants
Bluebell House
Brian Johnson Way
Preston
PR2 5 PE

11 December 2024

The City of Liverpool College
Consolidated and College Statement of Comprehensive Income

	Notes	Year ended 31 July 2024		Year ended 31 July 2023	
		Group	College	Group	College
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
INCOME					
Funding body grants	2	41,029	41,029	36,023	36,023
Tuition fees and education contracts	3	3,777	3,777	4,263	4,263
Other grants and contracts	4	83	83	114	114
Other income	5	1,177	1,177	911	911
Investment income	6	462	459	260	260
Total income		46,528	46,525	41,571	41,571
EXPENDITURE					
Staff costs	7	28,382	24,466	26,216	22,247
Other operating expenses	8	15,050	18,679	13,112	16,716
Depreciation	11	3,498	3,498	3,118	3,118
Interest and other finance costs	9	441	441	459	486
Total expenditure		47,371	47,084	42,905	42,567
Surplus/(Deficit) before other gains and losses		(843)	(559)	(1,334)	(996)
Surplus/(Deficit) before tax		(843)	(559)	(1,334)	(996)
Taxation	10	72	-	86	-
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		(771)	(559)	(1,248)	(996)
Actuarial gain/(loss) in respect of pensions scheme	23	419	130	1,973	2,308
Movement in deferred tax provision	18	(72)	-	84	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		(424)	(429)	809	1,312

The below table does not form part of the Financial Statements

Memorandum -	Group	College	Group	College
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Surplus/(deficit) for the year	(770)	(559)	(1,248)	(996)
FRS102 Defined Benefit Obligations (note 23)	419	130	999	664
Adjusted operating surplus/(deficit)	(351)	(429)	(249)	(332)

The City of Liverpool College
Consolidated and College Statement of Changes in Reserves

	Income and Expenditure account	Revaluation reserve	Total excluding Non controlling interest
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Group Balance at 1st August 2022	29,346	2,328	31,673
Surplus/(Deficit) from the income and expenditure account	(1,248)	-	(1,248)
Other comprehensive income	2,057	-	2,057
Transfer between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves	79	(79)	-
	888	(79)	809
Balance at 31st July 2023	30,232	2,249	32,481
Surplus/(Deficit) from the income and expenditure account	(770)	-	(770)
Other comprehensive income	347	-	347
Transfer between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves	79	(79)	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	(345)	(79)	(424)
Balance at 31st July 2024	29,890	2,170	32,060
College Balance at 1st August 2022	29,319	2,328	31,646
Surplus/(Deficit) from the income and expenditure account	(996)	-	(996)
Other comprehensive income	2,308	-	2,308
Transfer between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves	79	(79)	-
	1,391	(79)	1,312
Balance at 31st July 2023	30,711	2,249	32,959
Surplus/(Deficit) from the income and expenditure account	(559)	-	(559)
Other comprehensive income	130	-	130
Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves	79	(79)	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	(350)	(79)	(429)
Balance at 31st July 2024	30,360	2,170	32,530

The City of Liverpool College
Balance sheets as at 31 July 2024

	Notes	Group	College	Group	College
		2024	2024	2023	2023
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Non Current Assets					
Tangible fixed assets	11	59,882	59,882	61,253	61,253
Investments	12	-	-	-	-
		59,882	59,882	61,253	61,253
Current assets					
Trade and other receivables	13	1,379	1,815	1,339	1,599
Investments	14	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
Cash and cash equivalents	19	6,335	6,232	6,636	6,596
Deferred Taxation	18b	-	-	-	-
		9,714	10,047	9,975	10,195
Less: Creditors – amounts falling due within one year	15	(7,307)	(7,169)	(6,349)	(6,092)
Net current assets		2,407	2,878	3,626	4,103
Total assets less current liabilities		62,289	62,760	64,879	65,356
Less: Creditors – amounts falling due after more than one year	16	(30,049)	(30,049)	(32,177)	(32,177)
Provisions					
Defined benefit pension scheme asset/(liability)	23	-	-	-	-
Other provisions	18a	(181)	(181)	(221)	(220)
Total net assets/(liabilities)		32,060	32,530	32,481	32,959
Unrestricted reserves					
Income and expenditure account		29,890	30,360	30,232	30,711
Revaluation reserve		2,170	2,170	2,249	2,249
Total unrestricted reserves		32,060	32,530	32,481	32,959

The financial statements on pages 33 to 61 were approved and authorised for issue by the Corporation on 10th December 2024 and were signed on its behalf on that date by:



Antony Cobain
Chair



Elaine Bowker
Accounting Officer

The City of Liverpool College
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

	Notes	2024 £'000	2023 £'000
Cash inflow from operating activities			
Surplus/(deficit) for the year		(770)	(1,248)
Adjustment for non cash items:			
Depreciation	11	3,498	3,118
Deferred Capital grants released to income	2,5	(1,924)	(1,659)
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	13	(40)	402
(Decrease) in creditors due within one year	15	536	1,937
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	18	(39)	(55)
Deferred Taxation	10	(72)	(86)
Pensions costs less contributions payable	23	419	1,033
Adjustment for investing or financing activities:			
Investment income	6	(462)	(260)
Interest payable	9	441	443
Net cash flow from operating activities		1,587	3,625
Cash flows from investing activities			
Investment income	6	462	260
New Deposits	14	-	(2,000)
Grant funding received		862	3,150
Payments made to acquire fixed assets	11	(2,126)	(3,344)
		(802)	(1,934)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Interest paid	9	(441)	(443)
Repayments of amounts borrowed - loans		(645)	(627)
Repayments of amounts borrowed - finance lease		-	-
		(1,086)	(1,070)
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents in the year		(301)	621
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	19	6,636	6,015
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	19	6,335	6,636

The City of Liverpool College
Financial Statements for the year ended 31 July 2024
Notes to the Accounts

1. Legal status and registered office

The Corporation was established under the Further and Higher Education Act 1992 for the purpose of conducting The City of Liverpool College. The Corporation was incorporated in England as The City of Liverpool Community College. The College is an exempt charity for the purposes of Part 3 of the Charities Act 2011.

Registered office

The Learning Exchange
Roscoe Street
Liverpool
L1 9DW

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the *Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting for Further and Higher Education 2019* (the 2019 FE & HE SORP), the *College Accounts Direction for 2023 to 2024*, and Regulatory Advice 9: Accounts Direction issued by the Office for Students and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 – “*The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland*” (FRS 102). The College is a public benefit entity and has therefore applied the relevant public benefit requirements of FRS 102.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the College's accounting policies.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated and separate financial statements are set out below. These policies have been applied consistently to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements are presented in £ sterling.

Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest whole £1,000, except where otherwise indicated.

The College has taken advantage of the exemptions provided in FRS 102 1.12 and the 2019 FE HE SORP 3.3, and has not included a separate statement of its own cash flows. These cash flows are included within the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, and the College balance sheet discloses cash at both the current and preceding reporting dates.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention as modified by the use of previous valuations as deemed cost at transition for certain non-current assets.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the College and its subsidiary, Shared Education Services Limited, controlled by the Group. Control is achieved where the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. Intra-group sales and profits are eliminated fully on consolidation. In accordance with FRS 102, the activities of the student union have not been consolidated because the College does not control those activities. All other financial statements are made up to 31 July 2024. All intra-group transactions and balances between group entities are eliminated on consolidation.

The City of Liverpool College
Financial Statements for the year ended 31 July 2024
Notes to the Accounts (continued)

Going concern

The activities of the Group, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and performance are set out in the Report of the Governing Body. The financial position of the Group, its cash flow, liquidity, and borrowings are described in the financial statements and accompanying Notes.

The Group primarily meets its day to day working capital requirements through cash generated from its day-to-day activities. It also has one loan with Barclays Bank plc, which at 31 July 2024 had a total balance of £4,890k which is due for repayment over a period to July 2031.

The Group has cash balances of £8,335k at 31 July 2024 (2022/23 - £8,636k) and net current assets position of £2.4m (2022/23 – net current assets of £3.6m).

Consequently, the members of the Corporation have a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, being a period of not less than 12-months from the date of approval of these financial statements. For these reasons, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

Recognition of income

Revenue grant funding

Government revenue grants include funding body recurrent grants and other grants and are accounted for under the accrual model as permitted by FRS 102. Funding body recurrent grants are measured in line with best estimates for the period of what is receivable and depend on the particular income stream involved. Any under achievement for the Adult Education Budget is adjusted for and reflected in the level of recurrent grant recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The final grant income is normally determined with the conclusion of the year end reconciliation process with the funding body following the year end, and the results of any funding audits. 16-18 learner-responsive funding is not normally subject to reconciliation and is therefore not subject to contract adjustments.

The recurrent grant from the Office for Students represents the funding allocations attributable to the current financial year and is credited direct to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Grants (including research grants) from non-government sources are recognised in income when the College is entitled to the income and performance related conditions have been met. Income received in advance of performance related conditions being met is recognised as deferred income within creditors on the Balance Sheet and released to income as the conditions are met.

Capital grant funding

Government capital grants are capitalised, held as deferred income and recognised in income over the expected useful life of the asset, under the accrual model as permitted by FRS 102. Other capital grants are recognised in income when the College is entitled to the funds subject to any performance related conditions being met. Income received in advance of performance related conditions being met is recognised as deferred income within creditors on the Balance Sheet and released to income as conditions are met.

The City of Liverpool College
Financial Statements for the year ended 31 July 2024
Notes to the Accounts (continued)

Fee income

Income from tuition fees is stated gross of any expenditure which is not a discount and is recognised in the period for which it is received and includes all fees payable by students or their sponsors.

Investment income

All income from short-term deposits is credited to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period in which it is earned on a receivable basis.

Agency arrangements

The College acts as an agent in the collection and payment of certain discretionary support funds and for AGE grants and Additional Payments regarding apprenticeship funding for employers. Related payments received from the funding bodies and subsequent disbursements to students are excluded from the Statement of Comprehensive Income of the College where the College is exposed to minimal risk or enjoys minimal economic benefit related to the transaction.

Accounting for post-employment benefits

Post-employment benefits to employees of the Group are principally provided by the Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS). These are defined benefit plans, which are externally funded and contracted out of the State Second Pension.

Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS)

The TPS is an unfunded scheme. Contributions to the TPS are calculated so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the Group in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll. The contributions are determined by qualified actuaries on the basis of valuations using a prospective benefit method.

The TPS is a multi-employer scheme and there is insufficient information available to use defined benefit accounting. The TPS is therefore treated as a defined contribution plan and the contributions recognised as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income in the periods during which services are rendered by employees.

Merseyside Pension Fund (LGPS)

The LGPS is a funded scheme. The assets of the LGPS are measured using closing fair values. LGPS liabilities are measured using the projected unit credit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liabilities. The actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each balance sheet date. The amounts charged to operating surplus are the current service costs and the costs of scheme introductions, benefit changes, settlements and curtailments. They are included as part of staff costs as incurred. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability is also recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and comprises the interest cost on the defined benefit obligation and interest income on the scheme assets, calculated by multiplying the fair value of the scheme assets at the beginning of the period by the rate used to discount the benefit obligations. The difference between the interest income on the scheme assets and the actual return on the scheme assets is recognised in interest and other finance costs. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in actuarial gains and losses in other comprehensive income.

The LGPS assets are managed by the scheme trustees at scheme level, and the determination/allocation of assets to each individual employer in the scheme is managed by the scheme actuary. The assets are allocated to each employer for accounting purposes based on the valuation of the assets at the latest triennial valuation as adjusted for subsequent contributions received from the employer, asset returns and benefit payments made (either on a cash basis or actuarial basis).

The City of Liverpool College

Financial Statements for the year ended 31 July 2024

Notes to the Accounts (continued)

The retirement benefit obligation recognised represents the deficit or surplus in the defined benefit plans. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

Short term employment benefits

Short term employment benefits such as salaries and compensated absences (holiday pay) are recognised as an expense in the year in which the employees render service to the College. Any unused benefits are accrued and measured as the additional amount the Group expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement.

Enhanced Pensions

The actual cost of any enhanced ongoing pension to a former member of staff is paid by the group annually. An estimate of the expected future cost of any enhancement to the ongoing pension of a former member of staff is charged in full to the Group's income in the year that the member of staff retires. In subsequent years a charge is made to provisions in the Balance Sheet using the enhanced pension spreadsheet provided by the funding bodies.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or deemed cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Certain items of fixed assets that had been revalued to fair value on or prior to the date of transition to the 2015 FE HE SORP, are measured on the basis of deemed cost, being the revalued amount at the date of that revaluation.

Land and buildings

Freehold buildings are depreciated on a straight line basis over their expected useful lives as follows:

- Freehold Buildings – 50 years
- Subsequent capital expenditure/refurbishments over £5,000 – between 10 and 25 years

Freehold land is not depreciated as it is considered to have an infinite useful life.

Where land and buildings are acquired with the aid of specific government grants, they are capitalised and depreciated as above. The related grants are credited to a deferred income account within creditors and are released to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the expected useful economic life of the related asset on a systematic basis consistent with the depreciation policy. The deferred income is allocated between creditors due within one year and those due after more than one year.

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of any fixed asset may not be recoverable.

On adoption of FRS 102, the Group followed the transitional provision to retain the book value of land and buildings, which were revalued in 1996 but not to adopt a policy of revaluations of these properties in the future.

Assets under construction

Assets under construction are accounted for at cost, based on the value of architects' certificates and other direct costs, incurred to 31 July. They are not depreciated until they are brought into use.

Subsequent expenditure on existing fixed assets

Where significant expenditure is incurred on tangible fixed assets after initial purchase it is charged to income in the period it is incurred, unless it increases the future benefits to the Group, in which case it is capitalised and depreciated on the relevant basis.

The City of Liverpool College
Financial Statements for the year ended 31 July 2024
Notes to the Accounts (continued)

Equipment

With the exception of computers and associated IT equipment, equipment costing less than £1,000 per individual item is recognised as expenditure in the period of acquisition. All other equipment is capitalised at cost.

Capitalised equipment is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its remaining useful economic life as follows:

- technical equipment 4 to 25 years
- computer equipment 4 years
- furniture, fixtures and fittings 4 to 25 years

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of any fixed asset may not be recoverable. Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts are recognised as impairments. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as expenditure in the period in which they are incurred.

Leased assets

Assets held under finance leases are recognised initially at the fair value of the leased asset or, if lower, the present value of minimum lease payments as determined at inception of the lease. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to profit or loss so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful economic life of the asset and assessed for impairment losses in the same way as for owned assets.

Operating leases

All other leases are operating leases and annual rents are charged to comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Leasing agreements which transfer to the Group substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership of an asset are treated as finance leases.

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment in the individual financial statements.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of their cost and net realisable value, being selling price less costs to complete and sell. Where necessary, provision is made for obsolete, slow-moving and defective items.

The City of Liverpool College
Financial Statements for the year ended 31 July 2024
Notes to the Accounts (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash in hand, deposits repayable on demand and overdrafts. Deposits are repayable on demand if they are in practice available within 24 hours without penalty.

Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value. An investment qualifies as a cash equivalent when it has maturity of 3 months or less from the date of acquisition.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than the financial instrument's legal form.

All loans, investments and short term deposits held by the Group are classified as basic financial instruments in accordance with FRS 102. These instruments are initially recorded at the transaction price less any transaction costs (historical cost). FRS 102 requires that basic financial instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost, however the Group has calculated that the difference between the historical cost and amortised cost basis is not material and so these financial instruments are stated on the Balance Sheet at historical cost. Loans and investments that are payable or receivable within one year are not discounted.

Taxation

The College is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the College is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered in Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

The College is partially exempt in respect of Value Added Tax, so that it can only recover a minor element of the VAT charged on its inputs. Irrecoverable VAT on inputs is included in the costs of such inputs and added to the cost of tangible fixed assets as appropriate, where the inputs themselves are tangible fixed assets by nature.

The College's subsidiary companies are subject to corporation tax and VAT in the same way as any commercial organisation.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that they are expected to be reversed in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to be reversed and is not discounted.

Agency arrangements

The Group acts as an agent in distributing Bursary support funds from the funding bodies. Payments received from the funding bodies and subsequent disbursements to students are excluded from the income and expenditure of the Group where the Group does not have control of the economic benefit related to the transaction.

The City of Liverpool College
Financial Statements for the year ended 31 July 2024
Notes to the Accounts (continued)

Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when;

- the College has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event
- it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation, and
- a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation is recognised at present value using a pre-tax discount rate. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period it arises.

A contingent liability arises from a past event that gives the Group a possible obligation whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or otherwise of uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. Contingent liabilities also arise in circumstances where a provision would otherwise be made but either it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured reliably. Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the Balance Sheet but are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Identified provisions are included for the defined benefit pension scheme and enhanced pension obligations.

Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, management have made the following judgements:

- Determine whether there are indicators of impairment of the group's tangible assets. Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected future financial performance of the asset and where it is a component of a larger cash-generating unit, the viability and expected future performance of that unit.

Other key sources of estimation uncertainty

- *Tangible fixed assets*

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.

- *Local Government Pension Scheme*

The present value of the Local Government Pension Scheme defined benefit liability depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a variety of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions, which are disclosed in note 23, will impact the carrying amount of the pension liability. Furthermore a roll forward approach which projects results from the latest full actuarial valuation performed at 31 March 2023 has been used by the actuary in valuing the pensions liability at 31 July 2024. Any differences between the figures derived from the roll forward approach and a full actuarial valuation would impact on the carrying amount of the pension liability.

- *Deferred Capital Grants*

The value of deferred capital grants and the appropriate release to income is estimated based on the historical grant information available.

The City of Liverpool College
Notes to the Accounts (continued)

2 Funding council grants

	Year ended 31 July		Year ended 31 July	
	2024	2024	2023	2023
	Group	College	Group	College
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Recurrent grants				
Devolved Authority - adult	11,709	11,709	10,784	10,784
Education and Skills Funding Agency - adult	412	412	411	411
Education and Skills Funding Agency - 16 - 18	22,613	22,613	19,065	19,065
Education and Skills Funding Agency - apprenticeships	1,727	1,727	1,977	1,977
Office for Students - HE	254	254	242	242
Specific Grants				
Education and Skills Funding Agency - High Needs	426	426	474	474
Bursary Administration	89	89	95	95
Skills Development/Improvement Fund	182	182	130	130
Bootcamp income	839	839	572	572
Teacher Pension Scheme contribution grant contribution	954	954	723	723
Release of funding body capital grants	1,762	1,762	1,485	1,485
Release of HE capital grant	62	62	65	65
Total	41,029	41,029	36,023	36,023

3 Tuition fees and education contracts

	Year ended 31 July		Year ended 31 July	
	2024	2024	2023	2023
	Group	College	Group	College
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Tuition fees	3,355	3,355	4,037	4,037
Education contracts	422	422	226	226
Total	3,777	3,777	4,263	4,263

Total grant and fee income

	Year ended 31 July		Year ended 31 July	
	2024	2024	2023	2023
	Group	College	Group	College
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Grant income from the OfS	254	254	242	242
Grant income from other bodies	40,775	40,775	35,781	35,781
Total grants	41,029	41,029	36,023	36,023
Total tuition fees and education contracts	3,777	3,777	4,263	4,263
Total grant and fee income	44,806	44,806	40,286	40,286

The City of Liverpool College
Notes to the Accounts (continued)

4 Other grants and contracts

	Year ended 31 July		Year ended 31 July	
	2024	2024	2023	2023
	Group	College	Group	College
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Other grants and contracts	<u>83</u>	<u>83</u>	<u>114</u>	<u>114</u>

5 Other income

	Year ended 31 July		Year ended 31 July	
	2024	2024	2023	2023
	Group	College	Group	College
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Catering and residences	533	533	373	373
Other income generating activities	464	464	336	336
Release of non funding body capital grants	100	100	108	108
Miscellaneous income	80	80	94	94
Total	<u>1,177</u>	<u>1,177</u>	<u>911</u>	<u>911</u>

6 Investment income

	Year ended 31 July		Year ended 31 July	
	2024	2024	2023	2023
	Group	College	Group	College
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Other interest receivable	438	438	260	260
Pension interest (note 23)	24	21	-	-
Total	<u>462</u>	<u>459</u>	<u>260</u>	<u>260</u>

The City of Liverpool College
Notes to the Accounts (continued)

7 Staff costs

The average number of persons (including key management personnel) employed by the Group during the year, expressed as average headcount and calculated on a monthly basis, was:

Headcount	2024	2024	2023	2023
	Group No.	College No.	Group No.	College No.
Teaching staff	267	267	266	266
Non teaching staff	382	282	352	234
	<u>649</u>	<u>549</u>	<u>618</u>	<u>500</u>

Full Time Equivalent (FTE)	2024	2024	2023	2023
	Group No.	College No.	Group No.	College No.
Teaching staff	240	240	236	236
Non teaching staff	342	246	315	205
	<u>582</u>	<u>486</u>	<u>551</u>	<u>441</u>

Staff costs for the above persons

	2024	2024	2023	2023
	Group £'000	College £'000	Group £'000	College £'000
Wages and salaries	21,349	18,208	19,885	16,728
Social security costs	2,143	1,813	1,873	1,579
Other pension costs	3,899	3,455	4,005	3,487
Payroll sub total	27,392	23,476	25,763	21,794
Contracted out staffing services	816	816	326	326
	<u>28,208</u>	<u>24,292</u>	<u>26,089</u>	<u>22,120</u>
Restructuring costs - Contractual	146	146	108	108
Non-contractual	28	28	19	19
Total	<u>28,382</u>	<u>24,466</u>	<u>26,216</u>	<u>22,247</u>

Severance payments

The College paid 8 severance payments in the year, disclosed in the following bands :

£0 - £25,000	7
£25,001 - £50,000	1

Included in the staff restructuring costs are special severance payments totalling £27,654 (2023 - £nil). Individually, the payments were : £4,241, £13,513 and £9,900.

Key management personnel

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group and are represented for 2023/24 by; the College Executive Team which comprises the Principal, Deputy Chief Executive, Deputy Principal and Vice Principal Business Development. The 2022/23 comparative representation is the College Executive Team which comprises the Principal, Deputy Chief Executive, Deputy Principal, and Deputy Principal.

Emoluments of Key management personnel, Accounting Officer and other higher paid staff

	2024	2023
	No.	No.
The number of key management personnel including the Accounting Officer was:	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>

The number of key management personnel and other staff who received emoluments, excluding pension contributions and employers national insurance, but including benefits in kind, in the following ranges was:

	Key management personnel		Other staff	
	2024 No.	2023 No.	2024 No.	2023 No.
£60,001 to £65,000	-	-	6	3
£65,001 to £70,000	-	-	7	5
£70,001 to £75,000	-	-	6	-
£75,001 to £80,000	-	-	1	1
£80,001 to £85,000	-	-	1	1
£85,001 to £90,000	-	-	2	-
£95,001 to £100,000	1	1	-	-
£105,001 to £110,000	-	1	-	-
£110,001 to £115,000	1	1	-	-
£125,001 to £130,000	1	-	-	-
£180,001 to £185,000	-	1	-	-
£190,001 to £195,000	1	-	-	-
	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>10</u>

The City of Liverpool College
Notes to the Accounts (continued)

7 Staff costs

Key management personnel compensation is made up as follows:

	2024	2023
	£'000	£'000
Salaries - gross of salary sacrifice and waived compensation	534	541
Employers national insurance contributions	68	75
	602	616
Pension contributions	80	85
Total compensation	682	701

There were no salary sacrifice arrangements in place for key management personnel in the year.

The above compensation includes amounts payable to the Accounting Officer (who is also the highest paid officer) of:

	2024	2023
	£'000	£'000
Salaries	194	184

The overall remuneration of the accounting officer for 2023/24 is determined by the Board, taking into account recommendations from the College's Remuneration & Succession Planning, which meets at least annually.

A similar approach was used to determine the remuneration of other key management personnel.

The relationship between the accounting officer's emoluments, expressed as a multiple of all other employees based on full-time equivalents, is set out below for both basic salary and total remuneration.

	2024	2023
	£'000	£'000
Basic salary as a multiple of the median of all staff	6.0	5.7
Total remuneration as a multiple of the median of all staff	5.3	5.2

Salary and total remuneration are shown on an annualised, full time equivalent basis for all staff employed for any part of the financial year who are required to be included in real-time reporting to HMRC.

Compensation for loss of office paid to former key management personnel and higher paid staff

	2024	2023
	£'000	£'000
Compensation paid to Key Management Personnel		
Contractual compensation	-	21
Non-contractual compensation	-	19
	-	40

Governors' remuneration

The Accounting Officer and the staff members only receive remuneration in respect of services they provide undertaking their roles of Principal and staff members under contracts of employment and not in respect of their roles as governors. The other members of the Corporation did not receive any payments from the college in respect of their roles as governors.

During the year £69.70 (2022/23 - 0) of governor expenses were paid to or on their behalf in respect of travel and subsistence and other out of pocket expenses incurred in the course of their duties.

The City of Liverpool College
Notes to the Accounts (continued)

8 Other operating expenses

	Year ended 31 July		Year ended 31 July	
	2024	2024	2023	2023
	Group	College	Group	College
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Teaching costs	6,410	6,397	5,943	5,940
Non teaching costs	4,715	8,356	3,772	7,379
Premises costs	3,925	3,926	3,397	3,397
Total	15,050	18,679	13,112	16,716

Other operating expenses include :

	2024	2023
	Group	Group
	£'000	£'000
Fees payable to RSM UK LLP in respect of both audit and non-audit fees (excluding VAT) :		
Audit of College (and group)	66	63
Audit of Subsidiary	6	5
Other services provided by the financial statements external auditors	4	5
Internal audit*	27	30
Hire of assets under operating leases	104	107

* includes £26,775 in respect of the College (2022/23 £30,120)

Access and participation expenditure

	2024	2023
	Group	Group
	£'000	£'000
Access investment	33	20
Financial support provided to students	73	67
Support for disabled students	13	21
Research and evaluation related to access and participation	2	3
Total access and participation expenditure	121	111

The access and participation plan is available on the college website :
www.liv-coll.ac.uk/wp-content/uploads/2020/01/The-City-of-Liverpool-College-APP-APPROVED.pdf

9 Interest payable

	Group	College	Group	College
	2024	2024	2023	2023
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
On bank loans, overdrafts and other loans	441	441	443	443
Pension finance costs (note 23)	-	-	16	43
Total	441	441	459	486

The City of Liverpool College
Notes to the Accounts (continued)

10 Taxation - Group only

	2024	2023
	£'000	£'000
United Kingdom corporation tax at 19 per cent	-	-
Provision for deferred tax in the accounts of the subsidiary company	(72)	(86)
Deferred Tax movement recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	72	(84)
Total	-	(170)

The members do not believe that the College was liable for any corporation tax arising out of its activities during either year. The tax charge above relates to its trading subsidiary companies

11 Tangible fixed assets

Group and College	Land and buildings - Freehold	Computer Equipment	Equipment	Assets in the Course of Construction	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cost or valuation					
At 1 August 2023	86,874	11,046	11,267	-	109,187
Additions	257	633	804	432	2,126
Transfers	-	(31)	31	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 July 2024	87,131	11,648	12,102	432	111,313
Depreciation					
At 1 August 2023	29,356	9,291	9,287	-	47,934
Charge for the year	1,804	939	755	-	3,498
Elimination in respect of disposals	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 July 2024	31,160	10,230	10,042	-	51,432
Net book value at 31 July 2024	55,971	1,418	2,060	432	59,882
Net book value at 31 July 2023	57,518	1,756	1,980	-	61,254

Land and buildings were valued in July 1996 on the basis of open market value. Valuations on recently constructed buildings were based on depreciated replacement cost by a firm of independent chartered surveyors in accordance with the RICS Statement of Assets

If inherited land and buildings had not been revalued they would have been included at the following historical costs amounts:

	£'000
Cost	Nil
Aggregate depreciation based on cost	Nil
Net book value based on cost	Nil

The City of Liverpool College
Notes to the Accounts (continued)

12 Non current Investments

	Group 2024 £'000	College 2024 £'000	Group 2023 £'000	College 2023 £'000
Investments in subsidiary companies	-	-	-	-
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Investment in subsidiary companies (College)

	2024 £'000	2023 £'000
Cost		
At 1 August	8,000	8,000
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
	<u>8,000</u>	<u>8,000</u>
Impairment provision		
At 1 August	(8,000)	(8,000)
Impairment during the year	-	-
At 31 July	<u>(8,000)</u>	<u>(8,000)</u>
Net book value at 31 July	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

The College owns Shared Education Services Limited, a company limited by guarantee, incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales on 5 May 2015. The principal business of the company is the provision of back office administration and support services.

The City of Liverpool College
Notes to the Accounts (continued)

13 Trade and other receivables: amounts falling due within one year

	Group 2024 £'000	College 2024 £'000	Group 2023 £'000	College 2023 £'000
Amounts falling due within one year:				
Trade receivables	184	184	191	191
Amounts owed by group undertakings:				
Subsidiary undertakings	-	465	-	272
Prepayments and accrued income	602	573	675	663
Amounts owed by funding bodies	593	593	473	473
Total	<u>1,379</u>	<u>1,815</u>	<u>1,339</u>	<u>1,599</u>

14 Current asset investments

	Group 2024 £'000	College 2024 £'000	Group 2023 £'000	College 2023 £'000
Short term deposits	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
	<u>2,000</u>	<u>2,000</u>	<u>2,000</u>	<u>2,000</u>

Deposits are held with banks and building societies licensed by the FCA with more than 3 months maturity at the balance sheet date.

15 Creditors : amounts falling due within one year

	Group	College	Group	College
	2024	2024	2023	2023
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Bank loans and overdrafts	667	667	645	645
Trade Payables	922	895	845	842
Amounts owed to group undertakings :				
Other taxation and social security	953	864	828	738
Accruals and deferred income*	1,822	1,800	1,803	1,639
Deferred ESFA income (see note 25)	733	733	513	513
Deferred income - funding body capital grants	1,998	1,998	1,597	1,597
Deferred income - non funding body capital grants	100	100	100	100
Amounts owed to funding bodies	112	112	18	18
Total	7,307	7,169	6,349	6,092

*Accrual of NIL for holiday pay

16 Creditors : amounts falling due after one year

	Group	College	Group	College
	2024	2024	2023	2023
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Bank loans	4,224	4,224	4,891	4,891
Deferred income - funding body capital grants	22,245	22,245	23,606	23,606
Deferred income - non funding body capital grants	3,580	3,580	3,680	3,680
Total	30,049	30,049	32,177	32,177

The City of Liverpool College
Notes to the Accounts (continued)

17 Maturity of debt

Bank loans and overdrafts

Bank loans and overdrafts are repayable as follows:

	Group	College	Group	College
	2024	2024	2023	2023
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
In one year or less	667	667	645	645
Between one and two years	689	689	667	667
Between two and five years	2,221	2,221	2,142	2,142
In five years or more	1,313	1,313	2,082	2,082
Total	4,890	4,890	5,536	5,536

Bank loans and overdrafts repayable by instalments falling due between 1 August 2024 and 17 July 2031 totalling £4891k are secured by a legal charge on the freehold land and buildings of the Group. The loan is payable by quarterly instalments.

18 Provisions

a) Enhanced Pensions

Group and College

	2024
	£'000
At 1 August	220
Expenditure in the period	(26)
Transferred from income and expenditure account	11
Actuarial (gain)/loss	(24)
At 31 July	181

The enhanced pension provision relates to the cost of staff who have already left the Groups employ and commitments for reorganisation costs from which the Group cannot reasonably withdraw at the balance sheet date. This provision has been recalculated in accordance with guidance issued by the funding bodies.

The principal assumptions for this calculation are:	2024	2023
Price inflation	2.80%	2.80%
Discount rate	4.80%	5.00%

b) Deferred taxation

2024
£'000

2023
£'000

Provision for deferred tax

Accelerated capital allowances	-	-
Short term timing differences	-	-
On defined benefit scheme of subsidiary	-	-
Total deferred tax	-	-

Movement in provision

Provision at the start of the year	-	170
Deferred tax (credited) to the income and expenditure account for the year	(72)	(86)
Deferred tax charged to other comprehensive income for the year	72	(84)
On disposal of subsidiary undertaking	-	-
Asset/(Liability) as at 31 July	-	-

The City of Liverpool College
Notes to the Accounts (continued)

19 Changes in net funds

Group	At 1 August 2023 £'000	Cash flow £'000	Other £'000	At 31 July 2024 £'000
Cash and cash equivalents	6,636	(301)	-	6,335
Bank Loans	(5,536)	645	-	(4,891)
Current asset investments	2,000	-	-	2,000
Net debt	3,100	344	-	3,444

20 Capital commitments

	Group and College	
	2024 £'000	2023 £'000
Commitments contracted for at 31 July	1,519	923

21 Lease Obligations

	2024 £'000	2023 £'000
Future minimum lease payments due		
Group		
Not later than one year	28	104
Later than one year and not later than five years	3	7
	31	111

22 Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at 31st July 2024 and 31st July 2023.

The City of Liverpool College
Notes to the Accounts (continued)

23 Defined benefit obligations

The Group employees belong to two principal post-employment benefit plans: the Teachers' Pension Scheme England and Wales (TPS) for academic and related staff; and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) for non-teaching staff, which is managed by Merseyside Pension Fund (MPF). Both are multi-employer defined-benefit plans.

Total pension cost for the year	2024 £'000	2023 £'000
Teachers Pension Scheme: contributions paid	2,691	2,270
Local Government Pension Scheme:		
Contributions paid	828	786
FRS 102 (28) Charge	403	983
Charge to the Statement of Comprehensive Income	1,231	1,769
Enhanced pension charge to Statement of Comprehensive Income	(24)	(35)
Total Pension Cost for Year within staff costs	3,898	4,004

The pension costs are assessed in accordance with the advice of independent qualified actuaries. The latest formal actuarial valuation of the TPS was 31 March 2016 and of the LGPS 31 March 2019.

Contributions amounting to £427,435 (2022/23 - £352,772) were payable to the scheme at 31 July and are included in creditors.

Teachers' Pension Scheme

The Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) is a statutory, contributory, defined benefit scheme, governed by the Teachers' Pension Scheme Regulations 2014. The TPS is an unfunded scheme and members contribute on a 'pay as you go' basis. These contributions, along with those made by employers, are credited to the Exchequer. The TPS is a multi-employer pension plan and there is insufficient information to account for the scheme as a defined benefit plan so it is accounted for as a defined contribution plan.

Valuation of the Teachers' Pension Scheme

Not less than every four years the Government Actuary ("GA"), using normal actuarial principles, conducts a formal actuarial review of the TPS. The aim of the review is to specify the level of future contributions. Actuarial scheme valuations are dependent on assumptions about the value of future costs, design of benefits and many other factors. The latest actuarial valuation was carried out as at 31 March 2020 and in accordance with The Public Service Pensions (Valuations and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2023 and the Employer Contribution Rate was assessed using agreed assumptions in line with the Directions and was accepted at the original assessed rate as there was no cost control mechanism breach.

The City of Liverpool College
Notes to the Accounts (continued)

The valuation report was published on 26 October 2023. The key results of the valuation are :

- Total scheme liabilities for service (the capital sum needed at 31 March 2020 to meet the stream of future cash flows in respect of benefits earner) of £262 billion.
- Value of notional assets (estimated future contributions together with the proceeds from the notional investments held at the valuation date) of £222 billion.
- Notional past service deficit of £39.8 billion (2016 £22 billion).
- Discount rate is 1.7% in excess of CPU (2016 2.4% in excess of CPI (this change has the greatest financial significance)).

As a result of the valuation, new employer contribution rates have been set at 28.6% of pensionable pay from 1 April 2024 until 31 March 2027 (compared to 23.68% under the previous valuation including a 0.08% administration levy). DfE agreed to pay Teachers Pensions employer contribution grant to cover the additional costs during the 2021-22 academic year, and currently through to July 2024. The pension costs paid to TPS in the year amounted to £989,000 (2022: £1,490,000).

The pension costs paid to TPS in the year amounted to £2,691,407 (2023: £2,270,281).

FRS 102 (28)

Under the definitions set out in FRS 102 (28.11), the TPS is a multi-employer pension scheme. The Group is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme.

Accordingly, the Group has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102 and has accounted for its contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined-contribution plan. The Group has set out above the information available on the plan and the implications for the Group in terms of the anticipated contribution rates.

The City of Liverpool College
Notes to the Accounts (continued)

23 Defined benefit obligations (continued)

Local Government Pension Scheme

The Merseyside Pension Fund (MPF) is a funded defined-benefit plan, with the assets held in separate funds administered by Wirral Borough Council. The total contribution made for the year ended 31 July 2024 was £1,442,000, of which employer's contributions totalled £933,000 and employees' contributions totalled £509,000. The unconfirmed contribution rates for future years are 20.2% for the College and 23.2% for Shared Education Services Limited, for employers and range from 3% to 13% for employees.

The College is aware that the Court of Appeal has recently upheld the decision in the Virgin Media vs NTL Pension Trustees II Limited case. The decision puts into question the validity of any amendments made in respect of the rules of a contracted-out pension scheme between 6 April 1997 and 5 April 2016. The judgment means that some historic amendments affecting s.9(2B) rights could be void if the necessary actuarial confirmation under s.37 of the Pension Schemes Act 1993 was not obtained. Until further investigations have been completed by the UK Government's Actuary's Department and/or any legislative action taken by the government, the potential impact if any, on the valuation of scheme liabilities remains unknown.

Principal Actuarial Assumptions

The following information is based upon a full actuarial valuation of the fund at 31 March 2019 updated to 31 July 2021 by a qualified independent actuary.

	At 31 July 2024	At 31 July 2023
Rate of increase in salaries	4.10%	4.20%
Future pensions increases	2.70%	2.80%
Discount rate for scheme liabilities	4.90%	5.20%
Inflation assumption (CPI)	2.60%	2.70%

The current mortality assumptions include sufficient allowance for future improvements in mortality rates. The assumed life expectations on retirement age 65 are:

	At 31 July 2024	At 31 July 2023
Retiring today		
Males	20.8	20.8
Females	23.4	23.3
Retiring in 20 years		
Males	22.0	22.1
Females	25.1	25.1

The Group and College's share of the assets in the plan and the expected rates of return were:

	Group Fair Value at 31 July 2024 £'000	College Fair Value at 31 July 2024 £'000	Group Fair Value at 31 July 2023 £'000	College Fair Value at 31 July 2023 £'000
Equities	33,019	23,633	34,702	24,846
Government Bonds	14,060	10,063	10,067	7,208
Other Bonds	4,820	3,450	3,127	2,239
Property	6,990	5,003	8,009	5,734
Cash	4,419	3,163	2,059	1,474
Other	17,032	12,190	18,305	13,106
Total market value of assets	80,340	57,502	76,269	54,607

The City of Liverpool College
Notes to the Accounts (continued)

23 Defined benefit obligations (continued)

Local Government Pension Scheme (Continued)

Amounts recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in respect of the plan are as follows:

	Group 2024 £'000	College 2024 £'000	Group 2023 £'000	College 2023 £'000
Amounts included in staff costs				
Current service cost	1,336	971	1,793	1,326
Past service cost	-	-	1	1
Curtailments and settlements	-	-	86	86
Total	1,336	971	1,880	1,413
Amounts included in other operating expenses				
Administration expenses	40	31	34	26
Amounts included in interest payable				
Net interest cost	-	-	16	43
Amounts included in interest receivable				
Net interest receivable	(24)	(21)	-	-
Amounts recognised in Other Comprehensive Income				
Return on pension plan assets	1,134	797	(7,321)	(5,074)
Experience gains arising on defined benefit obligations	297	238	(4,679)	(3,643)
Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of plan liabilities	(1,559)	(1,293)	21,762	15,405
Change in asset ceiling (net of interest)	547	388	(7,789)	(4,380)
Amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	419	130	1,973	2,308

The City of Liverpool College
Notes to the Accounts (continued)

23 Defined benefit obligations (continued)

Local Government Pension Scheme (Continued)

Asset and Liability Reconciliation

	Group 2024 £'000	College 2024 £'000	Group 2023 £'000	College 2023 £'000
Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligations				
Defined benefit obligations at start of period	68,480	50,227	82,414	59,935
Current Service cost	1,336	971	1,793	1,326
Interest cost	3,494	2,573	2,856	2,073
Contributions by Scheme participants	509	392	439	332
Past service cost	-	-	1	1
Changes in financial assumptions	1,262	1,055	(17,083)	(11,762)
Estimated benefits paid	(2,385)	(1,936)	(2,026)	(1,764)
Curtailments and settlements	-	-	86	86
Defined benefit obligations at end of period	72,696	53,282	68,480	50,227

Reconciliation of Assets

Fair value of plan assets at start of period	76,269	54,607	81,474	58,317
Interest on plan assets	3,920	2,822	2,840	2,030
Return on plan assets	1,134	797	(7,321)	(5,074)
Employer contributions	933	851	897	792
Contributions by Scheme participants	509	392	439	332
Estimated benefits paid	(2,385)	(1,936)	(2,026)	(1,764)
Curtailments and settlements	-	-	-	-
Administration expenses	(40)	(31)	(34)	(26)
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	80,340	57,502	76,269	54,607

The amount included in the balance sheet in respect of the defined benefit pension plan is as follows:

Present value of defined benefit obligations	72,696	53,282	68,480	50,227
Fair value of plan assets	80,340	57,502	76,269	54,607
Net asset/(liability)	7,644	4,220	7,789	4,380
Restriction to level of asset ceiling	(7,644)	(4,220)	(7,789)	(4,380)
Net asset/(liability) recognised in the balance sheet	-	-	-	-

The value of the college's share of net assets has been restricted due to the effect of the asset ceiling being the maximum value of the present economic benefits available in the form of the unconditional right to reduced contributions from the plan. A corresponding charge has been made to other comprehensive income in the period.

The City of Liverpool College

Notes to the Accounts (continued)

23 Defined benefit obligations (continued)

In December 2018, the Court of Appeal ruled against the Government in the two linked cases of Sargeant and McCloud (which for the purposes of the LGPS has generally been shortened to "McCloud"), relating to the Firefighter unfunded pension scheme and the Judicial pension arrangements. In essence, the Court held that the transitional protections, which were afforded to older members when the reformed schemes were introduced in 2015, constituted unlawful age discrimination.

The Government attempted to appeal the cases, but it was announced on 27 June 2019 that the appeal had been refused by the Supreme Court. Remedial action in the form of increases in benefits for some members of the Firefighter and Judicial arrangements will almost certainly be required. There may well also be knock-on effects for the other public service schemes, and the LGPS might therefore also be required to take some action.

At this stage it is uncertain whether or not there will be an issue for the LGPS and its employers, nor is it clear what the exact extent would be of any required changes.

The Actuary has carried out some costings of the potential effect of McCloud as at 31 July 2019, based on data for the 31 March 2016 valuation. The results calculate the cost of applying a 'final salary underpin' (on a member by member basis) to those active members who joined the Fund before 1 April 2012 and would not otherwise have benefited from the underpin.

An estimate of the effect of the judgement has been included within the Past Service Cost.

On 26 October 2018, the High Court ruled that trustees have a duty to equalise for the unequal effect of guaranteed minimum pensions (GMPs) accrued between 17 May 1990 and 5 April 1997. This could have an effect on the College in respect of its defined benefit pension schemes and on the sector as a whole if contributions are increased to compensate for any estimated underfunding within scheme once evaluated. No provision has been made for this in the defined benefit obligation.

24 Related party transactions

Owing to the nature of the Group's operations and the composition of the board of governors being drawn from local public and private sector organisations, it is inevitable that transactions will take place with organisations in which a member of the board of governors may have an interest. All transactions involving such organisations are conducted in accordance with the Group's financial regulations and normal procurement procedures.

F McKenna is a member of the board and also the Chief Exec of Downton in Business Ltd. In the 2023/24 financial year the College paid sponsorship amounting to £22,500 to Downton in Business Ltd (2022/23 £11,700). Included in creditors is £2,400 due to Downton in Business Ltd (2023 nil).

E Bowker is the Principal of the College and also a trustee of the John Haynes Foundation. In the 2023/24 financial year the College paid £28,270 for student training (2022/23 £8,800).

E Bowker is the Principal of the College and also a Director of Sound City, D Pichilingi is a member of the board and is also a Director of Sound City. In the 2023/24 financial year the College received £1,224 for hire of facilities (2022/23 £nil).

S Darwish is a College governor and in 2023/24 paid £42.60 to the College towards trips (2022/23 £nil).

P Tavernor is a College governor and in 2023/24 paid £27.10 to the College towards trips (2022/23 £nil).

J Barnes is the Deputy Group Chief Executive for the College and also a trustee of Open Awards. In the 2023/24 financial year the College paid £31,274 relating to exam expenditure (2022/23 £2,024).

SharEd Services Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of the College.

Purchase transactions in the year amounted to £4,498,898 (2022/23: £4,010,492). There was a balance outstanding at the year end of £282,780 (2022/23: £457,622)

The City of Liverpool College
Notes to the Accounts (continued)

25 Amounts disbursed as agent

Learner support funds

	2024	2023
	£'000	£'000
Funding body grants – bursary support	-	-
Funding body grants – discretionary learner support	2,687	2,404
Funding body grants – residential bursaries	-	-
Other Funding body grants	-	-
Interest earned	-	-
	<u>2,687</u>	<u>2,404</u>
Disbursed to students	(1,865)	(1,797)
Administration costs	(89)	(95)
	<u>733</u>	<u>512</u>
Balance unspent as at 31 July, included in creditors	<u>733</u>	<u>512</u>

Funding body grants are available solely for students. In the majority of instances, the College only acts as a paying agent. In these circumstances, the grants and related disbursements are therefore excluded from the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

26 Transfer between reserves

	2024	2023
	£'000	£'000
In-year revaluation reserve release	(79)	(79)
	<u>(79)</u>	<u>(79)</u>

Independent Reporting Accountant's report on regularity to the Corporation of The City of Liverpool College and the Secretary for Education acting through The Education and Skills Funding Agency

Conclusion

We have carried out an engagement, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 2 December 2021 and further to the requirements of the grant funding agreements and contracts with the Education and Skills Funding Agency (the "ESFA") or those of any other public funder, to obtain limited assurance about whether the expenditure disbursed and income received by the City of Liverpool College during the period 1 August 2023 to 31 July 2024 have been applied to the purposes identified by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

In the course of our work, nothing has come to our attention which suggests that in all material respects the expenditure disbursed and income received during the period 1 August 2023 to 31 July 2024 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Basis for conclusion

The framework that has been applied is set out in the Post-16 Audit Code of Practice (the Code) issued by the ESFA and in any relevant conditions of funding concerning adult education notified by a relevant funder.

We have complied with the independence and other ethical requirements of the FRC's Ethical Standard and the ethical pronouncements of the ICAEW. We also apply International Standard on Quality Management (UK) 1 Quality Management for Firms that Perform Audits or Reviews of Financial Statements, or Other Assurance or Related Services Engagements and accordingly maintain comprehensive systems of continuing quality management.

Responsibilities of governing body of The City of Liverpool College for regularity

The Corporation of the City of Liverpool College is responsible, under the grant funding agreements and contracts with the ESFA and the requirements of the Further & Higher Education Act 1992, subsequent legislation and related regulations and guidance, for ensuring that expenditure disbursed and income received are applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them. The Corporation of the City of Liverpool College is also responsible for preparing the Governing Body's Statement of Regularity, Propriety and Compliance.

Reporting accountant's responsibilities for reporting on regularity

Our responsibilities for this engagement are established in the United Kingdom by our profession's ethical guidance and are to obtain limited assurance and report in accordance with our engagement letter and the requirements of the Code.

The objective of a limited assurance engagement is to perform such procedures as to obtain information and explanations in order to provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express a negative conclusion on regularity. A limited assurance engagement is more limited in scope than a reasonable assurance engagement and the procedures performed vary in nature and timing from, and are less in extent than for a reasonable assurance engagement; consequently a limited assurance engagement does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in a reasonable assurance engagement. Accordingly, we do not express a positive opinion.

We report to you whether anything has come to our attention in carrying out our work which suggests that in all material respects, expenditure disbursed and income received during the period 1 August 2023 to 31 July 2024 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament or that the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Our work included identification and assessment of the design and operational effectiveness of the controls, policies and procedures that have been implemented to ensure compliance with the framework of authorities including the specific requirements of the grant funding agreements and contracts with the ESFA and those of any other public funder and high level financial control areas where we identified a material irregularity is likely to arise. We undertook detailed testing, on a sample basis, on the identified areas where a material irregularity is likely to arise where such areas are in respect of controls, policies and procedures that apply to classes of transactions.

This work was integrated with our audit of the financial statements and evidence was also derived from the conduct of that audit to the extent it supports the regularity conclusion.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Corporation of the City of Liverpool College and the Secretary of State for Education acting through the ESFA in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Corporation of the City of Liverpool College and the Secretary of State for Education acting through the ESFA those matters we are required to state in a report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Corporation of the City of Liverpool College and the Secretary of State for Education acting through the ESFA for our work, for this report, or for the conclusion we have formed.



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11 December 2024